## Claims

- [c1] 1. An ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> having diffraction peaksby XRD spectrum at the locations that D values are 6.39, 6.16, 4.67 Å, and 2θ are 13.836, 14.347, and 19.006, respectively.
- [c2] 2. An ultrafine modified Al(OH) $_3$  of Claim 1, wherein the intensities of diffraction peaks where 20 are 13.836 and 19.006 are 29.12% and 56.10% of the diffraction peak where 20 is 14.347.
- [c3] 3. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 1, wherein the ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> has an initial weight loss temperature of 330 to about 380°C, and the rate of weight loss is up to 51% at 600°C.
- [c4] 4. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 3, wherein the initial weight loss temperature is about 350 to about 370°C.
- [05] 5. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 1, wherein the mean particle size is less than 300nm.
- [06] 6. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 5 wherein the mean particle size is less than 250nm.

- [c7] 7The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 1 wherein the mean particle size is 300 to about 10 nm.
- [c8] 8. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 1 whereinthe density is 0.6 to about 1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> and the loose density is 0.5 to about 0.9 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.
- 9. The ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 1 wherein the density is about 0.74 to about 1.04g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and the loose density is about 0.54 to about 0.83 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.
- [c10] 10. A method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>, comprising the steps of:
  - (A) 1) introducing a CO<sub>2</sub>-containing gas and a NaAlO<sub>2</sub> solution into a high gravity rotating bed apparatus, 2) reacting to form a reactant composition in the form of a gel or a liquid suspension, 3) filtering and washing to obtain a particulate Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> filter cake, and 4) optionally drying the filter cake to obtain a powdered product; wherein the gas/liquid volume flow rate is 0.5 to about 10, on the basis of standard pure CO<sub>2</sub>, and the concentration of NaAlO<sub>2</sub> is 0.1 to about 10 mol/L; and (B) 5) mixing the particulate Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> obtained in Step A, with a modifying agent selected from the group consisting of an oxalate, an oxalic acid, or a mixture thereof, 6) reacting for a predetermined period of time at a temper-

ature equal to or higher than 100 °C; and 7) drying the reacted  $Al(OH)_3$  to obtain an ultrafine modified  $Al(OH)_3$  powder product.

- [c11] 11. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH) $_3$  of Claim 10 wherein the concentration of NaAlO $_2$  is about 1 to about 8 mol/L.
- [c12] 12. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 10wherein the reaction temperature in Step B is less than 205°C.
- [c13] 13.The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 12 wherein the reaction temperature in Step B is 140–180°C.
- [c14] 14. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 10wherein the molar ratio of modifying agents in Step B to Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> filter cake or powder from Step A is 0.3 to about 2; and said modifying agents are in the form of a solid or a solution.
- [c15] 15. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 10wherein the gas/liquid volume rate is 0.1 to about 5 in Step A, on the basis of standard pure CO<sub>2</sub>, and the reaction temperature is 20 to about 80°C.
- [c16] 16. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>

- of Claim 10wherein pH value of the reactant compositioniscontrolled to greater than or equal to 8 in Step A.
- [c17] 17. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 16 wherein the pH is 8 to about 13.
- [c18] 18. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 10 wherein the oxalate is selected from a lithium, sodium and potassium oxalate.
- [c19] 19. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 10whereinthe activator and the crystal form controlling agent are added into Step A, into Step B, or both, and the activator is selected from the group consisting of fatty acid and its salt, ester aluminate, and ester titanate, and the crystal form controlling agent is selected from sulfate and phosphate.
- [c20] 20. A method of preparing ultrafine Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>, comprising the steps of: introducing a CO<sub>2</sub>-containing gas and a NaAlO<sub>2</sub> solution into a high gravity rotating bed apparatus, reacting and generating a reactant composition comprising a gel or a liquid suspension of Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>; filtering and washing thereactant composition to obtain Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> filter cake, and optionally drying the filter cake to obtain a powdered product; wherein the gas/liquid volume flow rate is 0.5 to about 10, on the basis of stan-

- dard pure  $CO_2$  and wherein the concentration of NaAlO<sub>2</sub> is 0.1 to about 10 mol/L.
- [c21] 21. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 20 wherein the concentration of NaAlO<sub>2</sub> isabout 1 to about 8 mol/L.
- [c22] 22. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 20wherein the pH value of the reactant composition is greater than or equal to 8.
- [c23] 23. The method of preparing ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> of Claim 22 wherein the pH is 8 to about 13.
- [c24] 24.The ultrafine Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> product prepared by the method of Claim 10.
- [c25] 25. The ultrafine Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> product of Claim 24, wherein in the method the pH value of the reactant composition is greater than or equal to 8.
- [c26] 26. A fire retardant product comprising an ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> as a fire retardant, the ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> having diffraction peaks by XRD spectrum at the locations that D values are 6.39, 6.16, 4.67 Å, and 20 are 13.836, 14.347, and 19.006, respectively.
- [c27] 27. The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the intensities of diffraction peaks where 20 are 13.836 and

- 19.006 are 29.12% and 56.10% of the diffraction peak where  $2\theta$  is 14.347.
- [c28] 28. The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the ultrafine modified Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> has an initial weight loss temperature of 330 to about 380°C, and the rate of weight loss is up to 51% at 600°C.
- [c29] 29. The fire retardant product of Claim 26, wherein the mean particle size is less than 300nm.
- [c30] 30. The fire retardant product of Claim 26 whereinsaid the density is 0.6 to about 1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.